

FEATURES

- ▶ SIP Package with Industry Standard Pinout
- ▶ Package Dimension:
19.5 x 10.2 x 7.6 mm (0.77" x 0.4" x 0.3")
- ▶ Single and Dual Output Models
- ▶ I/O-Isolation 1000 VDC
- ▶ Operating Temp. Range -40°C to +85°C
- ▶ 3 Years Product Warranty



PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MINMAX MAU300 series is a range of 2W DC/DC converters in a small SIP Package featuring an I/O-isolation of 1000VDC. An excellent efficiency allows an operating temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

These converters offer an economical solution for many applications where a voltage has to be isolated i.e for noise reduction, ground loop elimination, digital interfaces or for board level power distribution with isolated voltages.

Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range)	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current		Load Regulation	Max. capacitive Load	Efficiency (typ.)
			Max.	Min.	@Max. Load	@No Load			@Max. Load
		VDC	mA	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)		uF	%
MAU301	5 (4.5 ~ 5.5)	3.3	500	10	452	60	11	470	73
MAU302		5	400	8	526		11		76
MAU303		12	165	3	495		7		80
MAU304		15	133	2.5	499		7		80
MAU305		±5	±200	±4	519		10	390#	77
MAU306		±12	±83	±1.5	504		7		79
MAU307	12 (10.8 ~ 13.2)	±15	±66	±1	501	30	7	470	79
MAU311		3.3	500	10	185		8		74
MAU312		5	400	8	212		8		78
MAU313		12	165	3	200		5		82
MAU314		15	133	2.5	200		5	390#	83
MAU315		±5	±200	±4	210		8		79
MAU316		±12	±83	±1.5	201		5		82
MAU317		±15	±66	±1	200		5		82
MAU321	24 (21.6 ~ 26.4)	3.3	500	10	92	15	8	470	74
MAU322		5	400	8	108		8		77
MAU323		12	165	3	101		5		81
MAU324		15	133	2.5	101		5	390#	82
MAU325		±5	±200	±4	105		8		79
MAU326		±12	±83	±1.5	102		5		81
MAU327		±15	±66	±1	100		5		82

For each output

Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage Range	5V Input Models	4.5	5	5.5	VDC
	12V Input Models	10.8	12	13.2	
	24V Input Models	21.6	24	26.4	
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	5V Input Models	-0.7	---	9	
	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	18	
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	30	
Reverse Polarity Input Current	All Models	---	---	0.3	A
Input Filter		Pi Filter			
Internal Power Dissipation		---	---	650	mW

Output Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Accuracy		---	±1.0	±3.0	%
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	±0.1	±1.0	%
Line Regulation	For Vin Change of 1%	---	±1.2	±1.5	%
Load Regulation	Io=20% to 100%	See Model Selection Guide			
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	100	150	mV P-P
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	Over Line, Load & Temp.	---	---	200	mV P-P
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	---	15	mV rms
Temperature Coefficient		---	±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Short Circuit Protection		0.5 Second Max.			

General Specifications

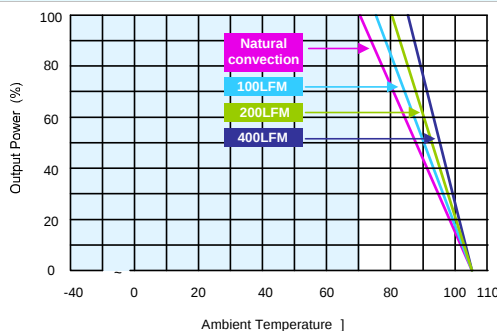
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)	60 Seconds	1000	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100KHz, 1V	---	80	120	pF
Switching Frequency		50	80	100	KHz
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	2,000,000	---	---	Hours

Input Fuse

5V Input Models	12V Input Models	24V Input Models
1000mA Slow-Blow Type	500mA Slow-Blow Type	200mA Slow-Blow Type

Environmental Specifications

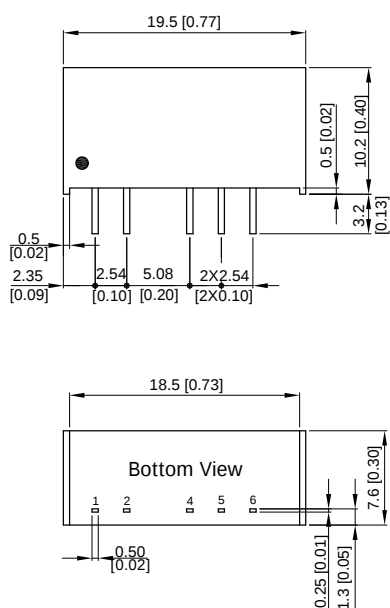
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature Range (with Derating)	Ambient	-40	+85	°C
Case Temperature		---	+90	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Cooling	Free-Air convection			
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C

Power Derating Curve

Notes

- Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20MHz.
- These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- All DC/DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact factory.
- Specifications subject to change without notice.

Package Specifications

Mechanical Dimensions



Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
1	+Vin	+Vin
2	-Vin	-Vin
4	-Vout	-Vout
5	No Pin	Common
6	+Vout	+Vout

- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)
X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)
- ▶ Pins ±0.05(±0.002)

Physical Characteristics

Case Size : 19.5x7.6x10.2mm (0.77x0.30x0.40 Inches)

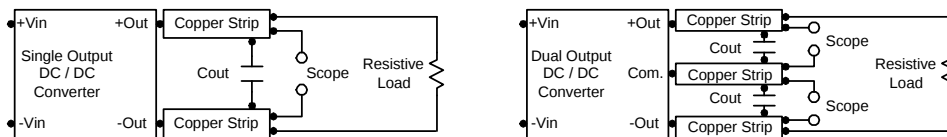
Case Material : Non-Conductive Black Plastic (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)

Weight : 2.7g

Test Configurations

Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a Cout 0.33uF ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter.



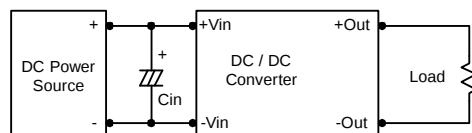
Design & Feature Considerations

Maximum Capacitive Load

The MAU300 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend 390uF maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and 470uF capacitive load for single outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

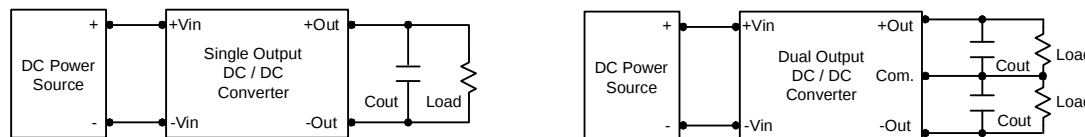
Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is comended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0Ω at 100 KHz) capacitor of a 2.2uF for the 5V input devices, a 1.0uF for the 12V input devices and a 0.47uF for the 24V devices.



Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 1.5uF capacitors at the output.



Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 90°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

